

# Children's Experiences of Physical and Sexual Violence in the Wake of Coyid-19 in Uganda

Clare Ahabwe Bangirana<sup>a</sup>; Laban Kashaija Musinguzi<sup>b</sup>; Mathew Amollo<sup>a</sup>; John Bosco Apota<sup>a</sup>; Denis Nono<sup>a</sup> Timothy Opobo<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>The AfriChild Centre, College of Humanities and Social Scences,

Makerere University

<sup>b</sup>Department of Social Work, College of Humanities and Social

Sciences, Makerere University

### Background

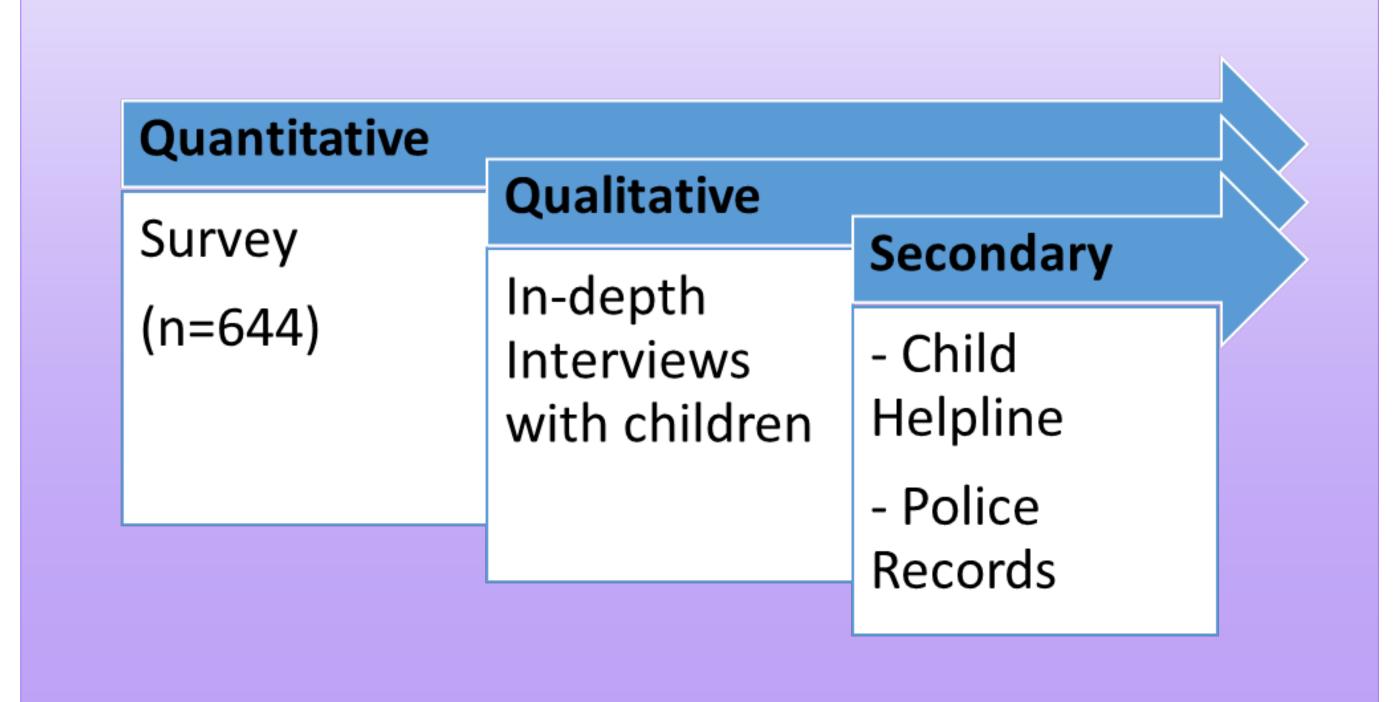
- Uganda registered her first case of Covid-19 in March 2020.
- Several control measures were implemented by government.
- These measures, despite being pivotal in controlling the spread of the virus, inadvertently created additional risks for children.

### **Study Context**

- The first six months of the Covid-19 pandemic in Uganda (April – September2 020) when strict measures were implemented compared with the same period in 2019.
- Covid-19 control measures included indefinite closure of all educational institutions, travel bans and a shut down on major livelihood sources.

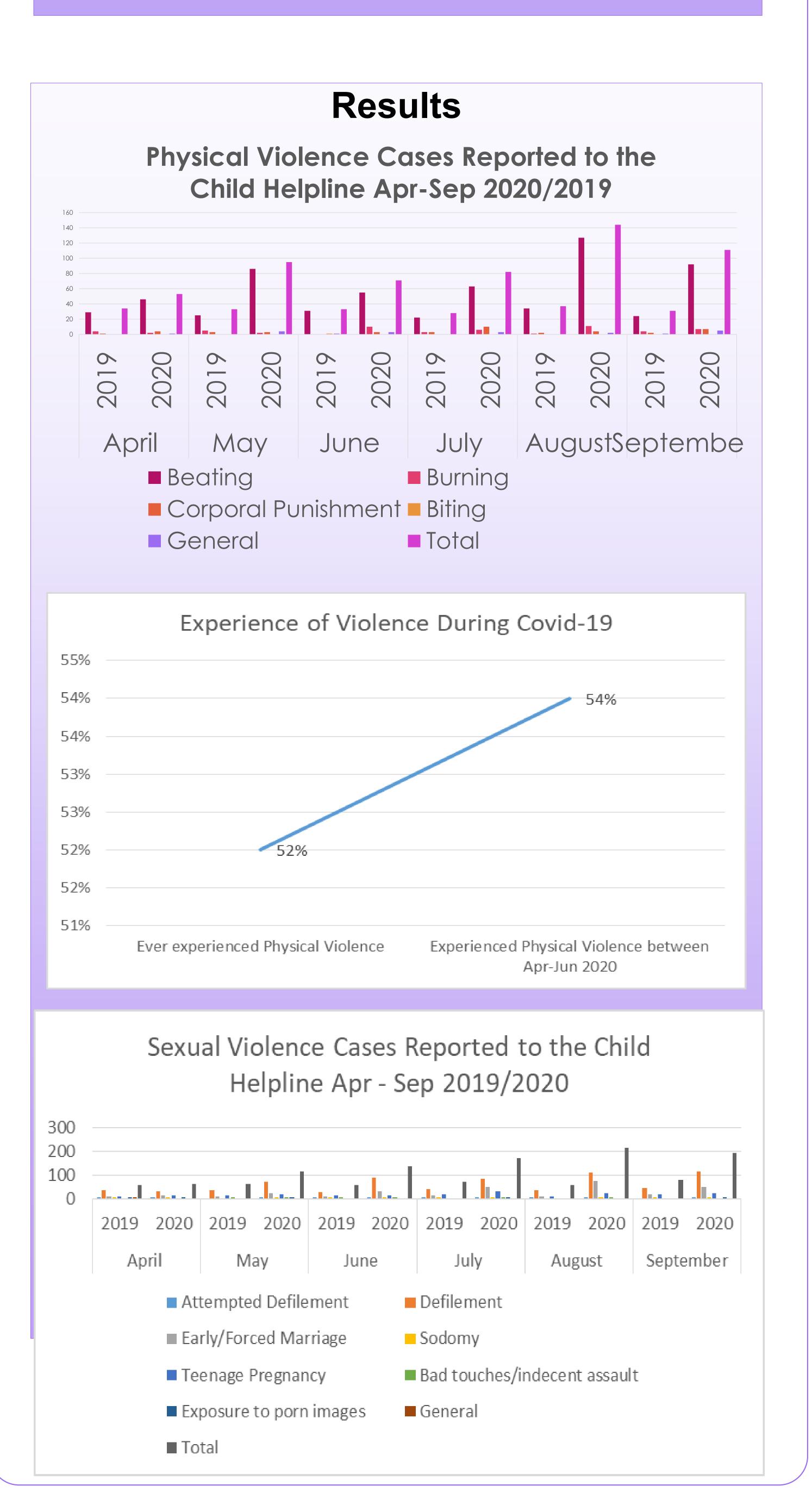
## Methodology

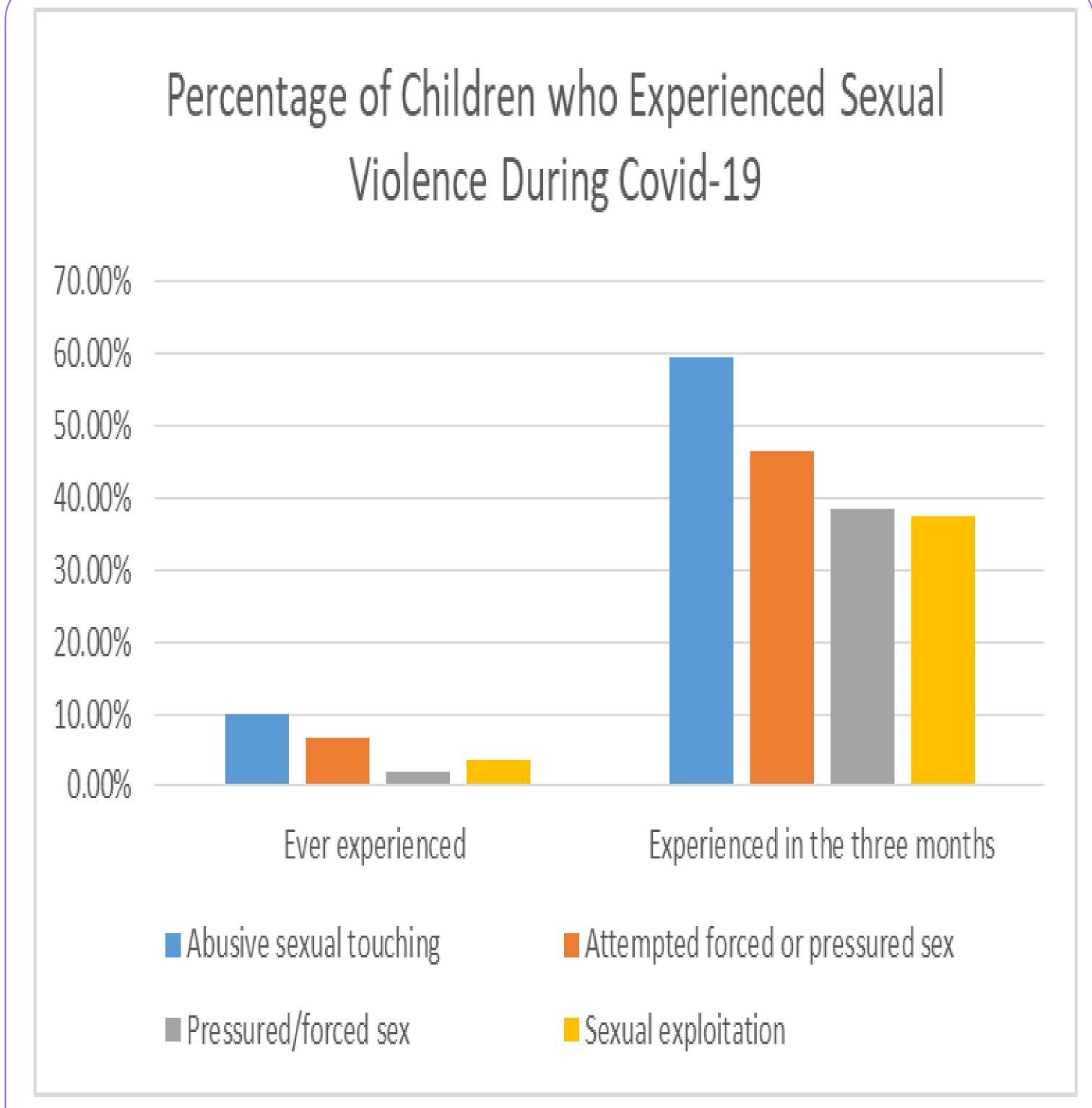
- Cross-sectional study design
- 4 Districts from 4 regions of Uganda-Central(Kampala), North(Gulu), East(Luuka), West (Lyantonde)
- 644 respondents (F=387, M=287)



### Analysis

Descriptive quantitative analyses were conducted to establish frequency and association while qualitative data was analyzed thematically using Nvivo software.





"They were about 5 boys. Then one held me and raped me. I was screaming loudly for help".
Respondent

## Discussion & Implications

- Violence against children significantly increased during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The pandemic exposed gaps in child protection programming and current social protection interventions.
- Policy makers and child protection practitioners ought to increase focus and investments on empowering families and communities to better protect children from violence.

## Acknowledgement

This research was commissioned by the AfriChild Centre. Special thanks to the core research team, staff and management of the Centre.

Contact: cbangirana@africhild.or.ug