The Liu Laboratory protocol — OCP proteolysis Arts & Sci Washington University in St. Louis

OCP proteolysis:

Clean water bath and pour 4°C storage water that is usually saved in cold room. Refill the bottle and save in cold room for next use. Switch water bath on, with setting to 4°C, connect water bath to reaction chamber.

- 1. Dilute OCP in cold digestion buffer on ice (4°C, 10 mM HEPES, pH 7.8, 200 mM NaCl) to 1 mg/ml. (Stock solution on bench shelf).
- 2. Load 2 ml of diluted OCP to reaction chamber (pre-chilled to 4°C), stir on
- 3. Strong light on (our projector) for 10 min, photoactivation.
- 4. Add Trypsin resin (500) ul to the chamber. Light switching to low, incubation for 4 hours.

It's not necessary to incubate for overnight from literature.

- 5. Distribute digested OCP with resin to two centrifuge tubes (on ice).
- 6. Spin (max speed) in cold room for 5 min.
- 7. Carefully transfer supernatant (digested NTD, CTD) to chilled tube and save on ice,
- 8. Add 0.5 ml cold digestion buffer to the pellet and mix, repeat step 6, combine supernatant to Step 7.
- 9. Transfer digested NTD, CTD (from Step 7 and 8) to 0.22 um filtration centrifuge tube.
- 10. Collect and concentrate flowthrough by using 10 kDa centricon filter.
- 11. SDS-PAGE checking digest result.

Further isolation of NTD and CTD

Buffer exchange NTD, CTD solution to Tris-buffer (20 mM, pH 7.5) and gently mix NTD, CTD and clarify by centrifugation at 4C. Load supernatant to Q-HP column, followed by linear gradient of 0-100 mM NaCl. Fraction collection and concentrate. SDS-PAGE checking each collection, combine NTD, CTD peaks and further polishing by using SEC column.